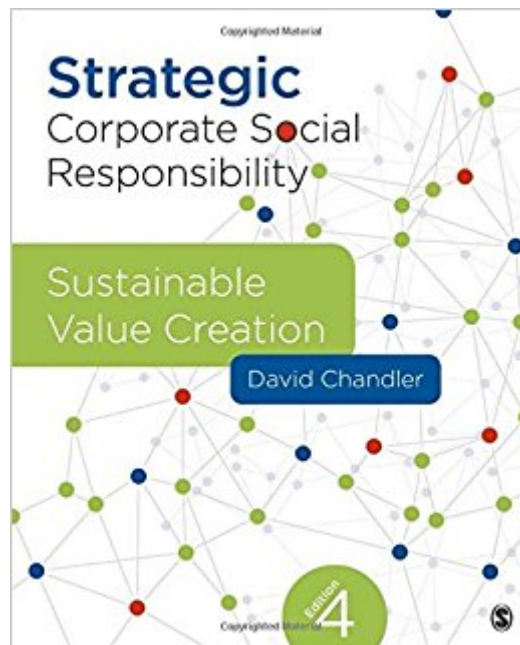




Ebook Directory
the best source of ebook

The book was found

Strategic Corporate Social Responsibility: Sustainable Value Creation



Synopsis

Strategic Corporate Social Responsibility: Sustainable Value Creation redefines corporate social responsibility (CSR) as being central to the value-creating purpose of the firm. Based on a theory of empowered stakeholders, this bestselling text argues that the "responsibility" of a corporation is to create value, broadly defined. In this new Fourth Edition, author David Chandler explores why some firms are better at CSR and how other firms can improve their CSR efforts. Keep your course content up-to-date! Subscribe to David Chandler's CSR Newsletters by e-mailing him at david.chandler@ucdenver.edu. The newsletters are designed to be a dynamic complement to the text that can be used for in-class discussion and debate. Past newsletters are archived as a freely-available resource for instructors and students at:

<http://strategiccsr-sage.blogspot.com/>

Book Information

Paperback: 488 pages

Publisher: SAGE Publications, Inc; 4 edition (June 30, 2016)

Language: English

ISBN-10: 1506310990

ISBN-13: 978-1506310992

Product Dimensions: 0.8 x 7.5 x 9 inches

Shipping Weight: 1.8 pounds (View shipping rates and policies)

Average Customer Review: 5.0 out of 5 stars 3 customer reviews

Best Sellers Rank: #32,261 in Books (See Top 100 in Books) #22 in Books > Business & Money > Economics > Sustainable Development #29 in Books > Textbooks > Business & Finance > Business Development #38 in Books > Textbooks > Business & Finance > Business Ethics

Customer Reviews

I've been using this text to support learning in two classes I teach, Managing for Sustainability and Global Corporate Social Responsibility. I found it to be a strong support for my approach, which involves situation studies and roundtable discussions pertinent to each course. David Chandler's approach works well for many reasons. * Current discussions in our US government particularly render it difficult to focus on public policy influences on sustainability and social responsibility, or to promote ethical actions based on altruism. Business administration students may be biased toward a tendency to perceive profits as paramount, and non-business students attracted to the course topics may end up affirming one another's perceived goodness without learning how to negotiate

corporate-influenced environments. * A vision of perfection may supplant the good that can come of more strategic CSR approaches. A firm's capacity to genuinely address social challenges ranging from environmental concerns to social equity need not preclude profitability. Corporations' opening to, and funding of, design and innovation can be important drivers to managing the natural resources left in the world and creating new ways to benefit everyone. * While taking some issue with Milton Friedman's notions of what business responsibility comprises (solely to make money), Chandler believes that CSR students have much to learn from the Nobel-prize winning economist, and I agree. Profitability, however, does need to be viewed over the long term as much as the short term. What do we profit in a desolate, ruined environment? If corporations come to the table in meaningful discussion surrounding the balance we "sustainers" seek, perhaps we would move in the right direction. There would be no losers, only investors. * Strategic CSR seeks to assure profitability through enhanced relationship with all stakeholders, not just shareholders. As Chandler asserts, CSR is a responsibility among firms to meet the needs of their stakeholders and it's a responsibility among stakeholders to hold firms to account for their actions. Today's interplay of business and society is complex and fraught with nuance. Conversations and understanding must evolve further to ensure a sustainable global future. This book offers plenty of material - and outstanding faculty resources - to support an instructor's approach to helping students learn to mindfully manage people and resources in the world as it is, to the benefit of all: people, planet, and economic stability. -- Linda Clark-Borre

I've been using this text to support learning in two classes I teach, Managing for Sustainability and Global Corporate Social Responsibility. I found it to be a strong support for my approach, which involves situation studies and roundtable discussions pertinent to each course. David Chandler's approach works well for many reasons. • Current discussions in our US government particularly render it difficult to focus on public policy influences on sustainability and social responsibility, or to promote ethical actions based on altruism. Business administration students may be biased toward a tendency to perceive profits as paramount, and non-business students attracted to the course topics may end up affirming one another's perceived goodness without learning how to negotiate corporate-influenced environments. • A vision of perfection may supplant the good that can come of more strategic CSR approaches. A firm's capacity to genuinely address social challenges ranging from environmental concerns to social equity need not preclude profitability. Corporations' opening to, and funding of, design and innovation can be important drivers to managing the natural resources left in the world and creating new ways to benefit everyone. •

While taking some issue with Milton Friedman's notions of what business responsibility comprises (solely to make money), Chandler believes that CSR students have much to learn from the Nobel-prize winning economist, and I agree. Profitability, however, does need to be viewed over the long term as much as the short term. What do we profit in a desolate, ruined environment? If corporations come to the table in meaningful discussion surrounding the balance we "sustainers" seek, perhaps we would move in the right direction. There would be no losers, only investors. Strategic CSR seeks to assure profitability through enhanced relationship with all stakeholders, not just shareholders. As Chandler asserts, CSR is a responsibility among firms to meet the needs of their stakeholders and it's a responsibility among stakeholders to hold firms to account for their actions. Today's interplay of business and society is complex and fraught with nuance. Conversations and understanding must evolve further to ensure a sustainable global future. This book offers plenty of material and outstanding faculty resources to support an instructor's approach to helping students learn to mindfully manage people and resources in the world as it is, to the benefit of all: people, planet, and economic stability. (Linda Clark-Borre)

Very good condition

Excellent resource

I've been using this text to support learning in two classes I teach, Managing for Sustainability and Global Corporate Social Responsibility. I found it to be a strong support for my approach, which involves situation studies and roundtable discussions pertinent to each course. David Chandler's approach works well for many reasons. Current discussions in our US government particularly render it difficult to focus on public policy influences on sustainability and social responsibility, or to promote ethical actions based on altruism. Business administration students may be biased toward a tendency to perceive profits as paramount, and non-business students attracted to the course topics may end up affirming one another's perceived goodness without learning how to negotiate corporate-influenced environments. A vision of perfection may supplant the good that can come of more strategic CSR approaches. A firm's capacity to genuinely address social challenges ranging from environmental concerns to social equity need not preclude profitability. Corporations' opening to, and funding of, design and innovation can be important drivers to managing the natural resources left in the world and creating new ways to benefit everyone. While taking some issue with Milton

Friedman's notions of what business responsibility comprises (solely to make money), Chandler believes that CSR students have much to learn from the Nobel-prize winning economist, and I agree. Profitability, however, does need to be viewed over the long term as much as the short term. What do we profit in a desolate, ruined environment? If corporations come to the table in meaningful discussion surrounding the balance we seek, perhaps we would move in the right direction. There would be no losers, only investors. Strategic CSR seeks to assure profitability through enhanced relationship with all stakeholders, not just shareholders. As Chandler asserts, CSR is a responsibility among firms to meet the needs of their stakeholders and it's a responsibility among stakeholders to hold firms to account for their actions. Today's interplay of business and society is complex and fraught with nuance. Conversations and understanding must evolve further to ensure a sustainable global future. This book offers plenty of material and outstanding faculty resources to support an instructor's approach to helping students learn to mindfully manage people and resources in the world as it is, to the benefit of all: people, planet, and economic stability.

[Download to continue reading...](#)

Strategic Corporate Social Responsibility: Sustainable Value Creation Strategic Corporate Social Responsibility: Stakeholders, Globalization, and Sustainable Value Creation Valuing Corporate Responsibility: How Do Investors Really Use Corporate Responsibility Information? (The Responsible Investment Series) Corporate Social Responsibility and International Development: Is Business the Solution? Corporate Social Responsibility: A Very Short Introduction (Very Short Introductions) Business and Society: A Strategic Approach to Social Responsibility (Available Titles CourseMate) Social Entrepreneurship: A Modern Approach to Social Value Creation Case Studies in Finance: Managing for Corporate Value Creation (McGraw-Hill/Irwin Series in Finance, Insurance and Real Estate) Social Media: Master Social Media Marketing - Facebook, Twitter, Youtube & Instagram (Social Media, Social Media Marketing, Facebook, Twitter, Youtube, Instagram, Pinterest) Social Security & Medicare Facts 2016: Social Security Coverage, Maximization Strategies for Social Security Benefits, Medicare/Medicaid, Social Security Taxes, Retirement & Disability, Ser Mergers, Acquisitions, and Corporate Restructurings (Wiley Corporate F&A) Fundamentals of Corporate Finance (4th Edition) (Berk, DeMarzo & Harford, The Corporate Finance Series) Corporate Finance: The Core (4th Edition) (Berk, DeMarzo & Harford, The Corporate Finance Series) PCS to Corporate America: From Military Tactics to Corporate Interviewing Strategy Rethinking Corporate Governance in Financial Institutions (Routledge Research in Corporate Law) Corporate Communication: Critical Business Asset for Strategic Global

Change Strategic Planning for Public and Nonprofit Organizations: A Guide to Strengthening and Sustaining Organizational Achievement (Bryson on Strategic Planning) Climate Health Risks in Megacities: Sustainable Management and Strategic Planning Ensuring America's Health: The Public Creation of the Corporate Health Care System The Great American Jobs Scam: Corporate Tax Dodging and the Myth of Job Creation

[Contact Us](#)

[DMCA](#)

[Privacy](#)

[FAQ & Help](#)